



GARDEN FRIENDS & FOES

Garden Friends

Bugs

Dragonflies:	Small dragonflies catch and eat mosquitoes, midges and small moths. Large dragonflies may capture beneficial bees, butterflies or other dragonflies
Hover/Syrphid Fly:	Larvae feed on aphids, mealybugs and other small insects
Lacewings:	Eats aphids, whiteflies, thrips and mites
Ladybugs:	Eats aphids, mealybugs, scales, psyllids, eggs of the potato beetle and other insects
Fireflies:	Larvae eat snails and slugs
Parasitic Wasps:	Eats a variety of caterpillars, beetle larvae, flies, aphids and moths
Praying Mantis:	Eats anything that it comes upon, including each other
Predatory Mite:	Feeds on two-spotted spider mites in all of its stages, from egg to adult
Soldier Beetles:	Larvae prey on cutworms, gypsy moth larvae, slugs and snails
Spiders:	Kills anything they capture

Plants

Basil:	Helps control tomato hornworms
Thyme:	Controls flea beetles, cabbage worms and white cabbage butterflies
Marigold/Mums:	Produces a scent that repels many garden pests.
Mint:	Repels mosquitoes. Odor disliked by aphids and cabbage pest
Garlic:	Can protect roses from black spot (fungus disease). Grown in rings to repel aphids.

Garden Foes

Bugs

Aphids:	Destroys plants by sucking the sap from stems or leaves. Can transmit plant diseases.
Garden Slug:	Rasp on leaves, stems, flowers and roots (small seedlings are especially vulnerable).
Imported Cabbageworm:	Frequent pest of cabbage, broccoli, cauliflower, kale, kohlrabi, mustard, radish and turnip plants.
Scale Insects:	Attack a variety of plants including ornamentals, houseplants and fruits. Secrete honeydew that attracts aphids.
Spider mites:	Suck the contents of individual plant cells.
Striped Cucumber Beetle:	Eat young seedlings of cucumbers, squash, pumpkins and melons. Adults feed on leaves, vines and fruit. Transmit bacterial wilt disease.
Whiteflies:	Attack many garden plants, including tomatoes